

# UNITS

A unit – is defined as a symbol or sign which is assigned to a number to describe a kind of measurement made

## Units of Length

### Conversion of One Unit of Length to Another

*Convert one unit of length to another*

The conversion of one unit to another is done by considering the arrangement below

<i>km</i>						1
<i>hm</i>					1	0
<i>dam</i>				1	0	0
<i>m</i>			1	0	0	0
<i>dm</i>		1	0	0	0	0
<i>cm</i>	1	0	0	0	0	0
<i>mm</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0

Example, from the above we get

$$1 \text{ km} = 1,000,000 \text{ mm}$$

$$1 \text{ hm} = 100,000 \text{ mm}$$

$$1 \text{ dam} = 1000 \text{ cm}$$

$$1 \text{ m} = 100 \text{ cm}$$

### Computations on Metric Units of Length

*Perform computations on metric units of length*

#### Example 1

Convert

(a) 12cm to dm

(b) 2,500 mm to m

(c) 87 km to cm

**Solution**

(a) 12cm to dm

$$\begin{array}{l} 1dm = 10\ cm \\ \quad \times \\ ? = 12\ cm \end{array}$$

By cross multiplication, we get

$$\models \frac{1\ dm \times 12\ cm}{10\ cm} = \frac{12}{10}\ dm = 1.2\ dm$$

(b) 2,500 mm to m

$$\begin{array}{l} 1m = 1000\ mm \\ \quad \times \\ ? = 2500\ mm \end{array}$$

By cross multiplication, we get

$$= \frac{1\ m \times 2\ 500\ mm}{1000\ mm} = \frac{2500}{1000}\ m = 2.5\ m$$

(c) 87 km to cm

$$\begin{array}{l} 1\ km = 100\ 000\ cm \\ 87\ km = ? \end{array}$$

By cross multiplication, we get

$$= \frac{87\ km \times 100\ 000\ cm}{1\ km} = \frac{8\ 700\ 000}{1}\ cm = 8\ 700\ 000\ cm$$

## Unit of Mass

### Conversion of One Unit of Mass to Another

*Convert one unit of mass to another*

The conversion of one unit to another is done by considering the arrangement below

<i>kg</i>						1
<i>hg</i>				1		0
<i>dag</i>			1	0		0
<i>g</i>		1	0	0		0
<i>dg</i>	1	0	0	0		0
<i>cg</i>	1	0	0	0	0	0
<i>mg</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0

Example, from the above

$$\begin{aligned}
 1 \text{ kg} &= 1,000,000 \text{ mg} \\
 1 \text{ hg} &= 100,000 \text{ mg} \\
 1 \text{ dag} &= 1000 \text{ cg} \\
 1 \text{ g} &= 100 \text{ cg}
 \end{aligned}$$

The conversion of *tonne* to other units is done converting it to *kilogram* first and then from *kilogram* to the required unit.

$$1 \text{ tonne} = 1000 \text{ kg}$$

## Computation on Metric Units of Mass

*Perform computation on metric units of mass*

### Example 2

Convert (i) 8 500 g to kg

(ii) 0.000025 kg to mg

(iii) 4.67cg to dg

### Solution

(i) 8 500 g to kg

$$1 \text{ kg} = 1000 \text{ g}$$

$$? = 8\,500 \text{ g}$$

$$= \frac{1 \text{ kg} \times 8\,500 \text{ g}}{1000 \text{ g}} = \frac{8\,500}{1000} \text{ kg} = 8.5 \text{ kg}$$

(ii) 0.000025 kg to mg

$$1 \text{ kg} = 1\,000\,000 \text{ mg}$$

$$0.000025 \text{ kg} = ?$$

$$= \frac{0.000025 \text{ kg} \times 1\,000\,000 \text{ mg}}{1 \text{ kg}} = \frac{25}{1} \text{ mg} = 25 \text{ mg}$$

(iii) 4.67cg to dg

$$1 \text{ dg} = 10 \text{ cg}$$

$$? = 4.67 \text{ cg}$$

$$= \frac{1 \text{ dg} \times 4.67 \text{ cg}}{10 \text{ cg}} = \frac{4.67}{10} \text{ dg} = 0.467 \text{ dg}$$

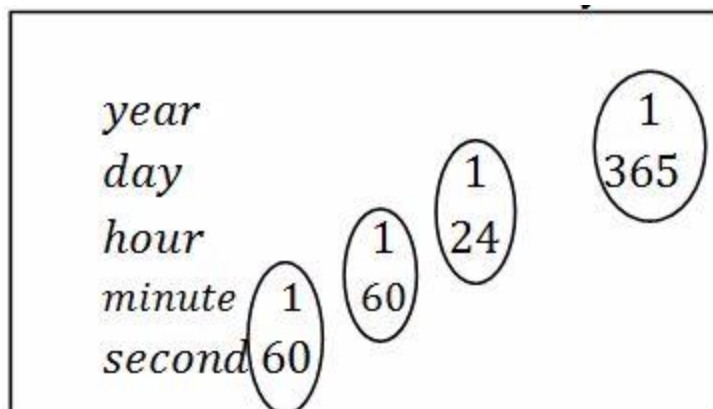
### Units of Time

The units of time are of two types, smaller and larger units of time. Smaller units of time include seconds, minutes, hours and days. Larger units of time include week, month, year, decade, century, millennium.

### Conversion of One Unit of Time to another

*Convert one unit of time to another*

The conversion of units of time to another can be done by considering the arrangement below



Example, from the circle above

$$1 \text{ min} = 60 \text{ sec} \quad 1 \text{ hour} = 60 \text{ min} \quad 1 \text{ day} = 24 \text{ hours} \quad 1 \text{ year} = 365 \text{ days}$$

Also

$$1 \text{ year} = 365 \times 24 \times 60 \times 60 \text{ seconds}$$

$$1 \text{ days} = 24 \times 60 \times 60 \text{ seconds}$$

$$1 \text{ hour} = 60 \times 60 \text{ seconds}$$

$$1 \text{ minute} = 60 \text{ seconds}$$

### Example 3

Convert

(i) 54,000 seconds to minutes

(ii) 7,200 minutes to hours

(iii) 6 hours to seconds

**Solution**

(i) 54,000 seconds to minutes

$$\begin{aligned} 1 \text{ min} &= 60 \text{ sec} \\ ? &= 54\,000 \text{ sec} \\ &= \frac{1 \text{ min} \times 54\,000 \text{ sec}}{60 \text{ sec}} = \frac{54\,000}{60} \text{ min} = 900 \text{ minutes} \end{aligned}$$

(ii) 7,200 minutes to hours

$$\begin{aligned} 1 \text{ hour} &= 60 \text{ minutes} \\ ? &= 7\,200 \text{ minutes} \\ &= \frac{1 \text{ hour} \times 7\,200 \text{ minutes}}{60 \text{ minutes}} = \frac{7\,200}{60} \text{ hours} = 120 \text{ hours} \end{aligned}$$

(iii) 6 hours to seconds

$$\begin{aligned} 1 \text{ hour} &= 60 \times 60 \text{ sec} \\ 6 \text{ hours} &= ? \\ &= \frac{1 \text{ hours} \times 60 \times 60 \text{ sec}}{1 \text{ hour}} = \frac{3600}{1} \text{ seconds} = 3\,600 \text{ seconds} \end{aligned}$$

### Conversion of Unit Time of 12 Hour Clock to 24 Hour Clock and Vice Versa

*Read and convert unit time of 12 hour clock to 24 hour clock and vice versa*

The hours can exist in two systems: *12- hour clock and 24 - hour clock.*

A *12- hour clock* has 12 hours between midnight and midday(*a.m*)and 12 hours between midday and midnight(*p.m*).

A *24 - hour* has 24 hours in a day. Times in the morning are the same in both systems. For times in the afternoon, convert by adding or subtracting 12 hours

#### Example 4

Convert the following times from the 12 - hour clock to 24 - hour clock.

- (i) 5.30 *a.m*
- (ii) 1.40 *p.m*
- (iii) 7.15 *p.m*

### **Solution**

- (i)  $5.30 \text{ a.m} = 0530 \text{ hrs}$
- (ii)  $1.40 \text{ p.m} = (0140 + 1200) = 1340 \text{ hrs}$
- (iii)  $7.15 \text{ p.m} = (0715 + 1200) = 1915 \text{ hrs}$

### **Example 5**

Convert the following times from the 24 - hour clock to 12 - hour clock.

- (i) 0450 *hrs*
- (ii) 1245 *hrs*
- (iii) 2300 *hrs*

### **Solution**

- (i)  $0450 \text{ hrs} = 4.50 \text{ a.m}$
- (ii)  $1245 \text{ hrs} = 12.45 \text{ p.m}$
- (iii)  $2300 \text{ hrs} = (2300 - 1200) = 11.00 \text{ p.m}$

## **Units of Capacity**

### **Standard Unit of Measuring Capacity**

*State the standard unit of measuring capacity*

Capacity is related to the volume.

Definitions:



- Capacity-is defined as the ability hold or contain something
- The S.I unit of capacity is *litre*.
- Volume –is defined as the amount of space occupied by a substance
- The S.I unit of volume is *cubic metres* ( $m^3$ )

Capacity is related to the volume as follows:

$$1 \text{ litre} = 1000 \text{ cm}^3 = 0.001 \text{ m}^3 = 1 \text{ dm}^3$$

$$\text{Also } 1 \text{ ml} = 1 \text{ cm}^3$$

Other units related to litre are kiloliter (kl), hectoliter (hl), decalitre (dal), litre (l), deciliter (dl), centiliter (cl) and millilitre (ml).

The conversion of one unit to another is done by considering the arrangement below

<i>kl</i>						1
<i>hl</i>					1	0
<i>dal</i>				1	0	0
<i>l</i>			1	0	0	0
<i>dl</i>		1	0	0	0	0
<i>cl</i>	1	0	0	0	0	0
<i>ml</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0

Example, from the above

$$1 \text{ kl} = 1,000,000 \text{ ml}$$

$$1 \text{ hl} = 100,000 \text{ ml}$$

$$1 \text{ dal} = 1000 \text{ cl}$$

$$1 \text{ l} = 100 \text{ cl}$$

## The Litre in Daily Life

*Use the litre in daily life*

### Example 6

Convert the following units into

(i)  $3500 \text{ ml}$

(ii)  $0.006 \text{ m}^3$

(iii)  $4000 \text{ dm}^3$

(iv)  $500 \text{ mm}^3$

**Solution**

(i) Convert first 3500 ml to  $cm^3$

$$1 \text{ ml} = 1 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$3500 \text{ ml} = ?$$

$$= \frac{3500 \text{ ml} \times 1 \text{ cm}^3}{1 \text{ ml}} = \frac{3500}{1} \text{ cm}^3 = 3500$$

Then 3500  $cm^3$  to litres

$$1 \text{ litre} = 1000 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$? = 3500 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$= \frac{3500 \text{ cm}^3 \times 1 \text{ litre}}{1000 \text{ cm}^3} = \frac{3500}{1000} \text{ litres} = 3.5$$

(ii) 0.006  $m^3$  to litres

$$1 \text{ litre} = 0.001 \text{ m}^3$$

$$? = 0.006 \text{ m}^3$$

$$= \frac{1 \text{ litre} \times 0.006 \text{ m}^3}{0.001 \text{ m}^3} = \frac{0.006}{0.001} \text{ litres} = 6$$

(iii) Convert first 4000  $dm^3$  to  $cm^3$

$$1 \text{ dm} = 10 \text{ cm}$$

$$(1 \text{ dm})^3 = (10 \text{ cm})^3 \rightarrow 1 \text{ dm}^3 = 1000 \text{ cm}^3$$

So

$$1 \text{ dm}^3 = 1000 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$4000 \text{ dm}^3 = ?$$

$$= \frac{4000 \text{ dm}^3 \times 1000 \text{ cm}^3}{1 \text{ dm}^3} = \frac{4000000}{1} \text{ cm}^3 = 4000000 \text{ cm}^3$$

Second, convert 4000000  $cm^3$  to litres

$$1 \text{ litre} = 1000 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$? = 4000000 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$= \frac{1 \text{ litre} \times 4000000 \text{ cm}^3}{1000 \text{ cm}^3} = \frac{4000000}{1000} \text{ litres} = 4000 \text{ litres}$$

(iv)  $500 \text{ mm}^3$

Convert first  $500 \text{ mm}^3$  to  $\text{cm}^3$

$$1 \text{ cm} = 10 \text{ mm}$$

$$(1 \text{ cm})^3 = (10 \text{ mm})^3 \rightarrow 1 \text{ cm}^3 = 1000 \text{ mm}^3$$

So

$$1 \text{ cm}^3 = 1000 \text{ mm}^3$$

$$? = 500 \text{ mm}^3$$

$$= \frac{1 \text{ cm}^3 \times 500 \text{ mm}^3}{1000 \text{ mm}^3} = \frac{500}{1000} \text{ cm}^3 = 0.5 \text{ cm}^3$$

Second, convert  $0.5 \text{ cm}^3$  to litres

$$1 \text{ litre} = 1000 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$? = 0.5 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$= \frac{1 \text{ litre} \times 0.5 \text{ cm}^3}{1000 \text{ cm}^3} = \frac{0.5}{1000} \text{ litres} = 0.0005 \text{ litres}$$